ON EXTREMAL TERNARY SELF-DUAL CODES OF LENGTH 36 AND RELATED SYMMETRIC 2-(36, 15, 6) DESIGNS Sanja Rukavina

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Ternary extremal self-dual codes are known for the following lengths $n \equiv 0 \pmod{12}$: n = 12: the extended Golay code, unique up to equivalence; n = 24: there are exactly two inequivalent codes, the extended quadratic-residue code [1] and the Pless symmetry code C(11) [5], [6]; n = 36: only one code is known, namely the Pless symmetry code C(17) [5], [6]; n = 48: two codes are known, the extended quadratic-residue code and the Pless symmetry code C(23); n = 60: three codes are known: the extended quadratic-residue code, the Pless symmetry code C(29), and a code found by Nebe and Villar [4].

It is known [6] that the Pless symmetry code C(q) of length n = 2q + 2, where $q \equiv -1 \pmod{3}$ is an odd prime power, contains a set of n codewords of weight n, which after replacing every entry equal to 2 with -1 form the rows of a Hadamard matrix equivalent to the Paley-Hadamard matrix of type II. In particular, the Pless symmetry code C(17) contains the rows of a Hadamard matrix P of Paley type II, having a full automorphism group of order $4 \cdot 17(17^2 - 1) = 19584$, and the rows of P span the code C(17).

It was shown in [8] that the code C(17) contains a second equivalence class of Hadamard matrices of order 36 having as rows codewords of C(17). Any matrix H from the second equivalence class has a full automorphism group of order 72 and the rows of H span the code C(17). In addition, His equivalent to a regular Hadamard matrix H' such that the symmetric 2-(36, 15, 6) design D with a (0, 1)-incidence matrix A obtained by replacing every entry 1 of H' with 0 and every entry -1 of H' with 1 has a trivial full automorphism group, and the row span of A over GF(3) is equivalent to the Pless symmetry code C(17).

Huffman [3] proved that any extremal ternary self-dual code of length 36 that admits an automorphism of prime order p > 3 is monomially equivalent

to the Pless symmetry code. More recently, Eisenbarth and Nebe [2] extended Huffman's result by proving that the Pless symmetry code is the unique (up to monomial equivalence) ternary extremal self-dual code of length 36 that admits an automorphism of order 3. In addition, it was proved in [2, Theorem 5.1] that if C is an extremal ternary self-dual code of length 36 then either C is equivalent to the Pless symmetry code or the full automorphism group of C is a subgroup of the cyclic group of order 8.

In this talk, we report the existence of a regular Hadamard matrix H^* which is monomially equivalent to the Paley-Hadamard matrix of type II such that the symmetric 2-(36, 15, 6) design associated with H^* has a full automorphism group of order 24 and its (0,1)-incidence matrix spans a code equivalent to C(17) [7]. Motivated by this and the results from [2], we classified all symmetric 2-(36, 15, 6) designs that admit an automorphism of order 2 and their incidence matrices span an extremal ternary self-dual code of length 36 [7]. The results of this classification imply the following.

Theorem 1. (a) Up to isomorphism, there exists exactly one symmetric 2-(36, 15, 6) design D that admits an automorphism of order 2 and its incidence matrix spans an extremal ternary self-dual code of length 36.

(b) The full automorphism group G of D is of order 24, and G is isomorphic to the symmetric group S_4 .

(c) The regular Hadamard matrix associated with D is equivalent to the Paley-Hadamard matrix of type II.

(d) The ternary code spanned by the incidence matrix of D is equivalent to the Pless symmetry code.

It would be interesting to see if similar methods can be used to gain a deeper insight for the next set of parameters, i.e., for the extremal ternary self-dual codes of length 48.

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