

Machine learning for parallel-in-time methods

Sebastian Goetschel

Machine learning based approaches have proven very successful within certain problem settings, in particular in imaging. Lately also more and more successes for solving partial differential equations have been reported, e.g., by using physics-informed neural networks, or to improve coarse-grid simulations by learned corrections. In this talk we will discuss approaches to facilitate such techniques to improve performance of parallel-in-time methods.