The Orthoplicial ball-packing and the ball number problem ${\bf Ivan~Rasskin}$

The ball number ball(L) of a link L is the minimum number of balls needed in a necklace to construct L. Maehara established that $ball(\mathrm{Hopf\ link})=8$ and gave an upper bound of $ball(\mathrm{trefoil})$. By using the theory of ball-packings (based on the theory or hyperbolic Coxeter groups) developed by Boyd and Maxwell and later by Chen and Labbé, we give an upper bound of ball(L) where L is an algebraic link. Our bound is linear on the number of crossings of L. If time allows, we also briefly mention some further applications of our approach.