



Kinetic limit of dynamical description of wave-particle self-consistent interaction in an open domain

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October 2017

Interactions

- Two kinds of interactions:
 - ▶ wave-particle;
 - ▶ particle-particle.
- Interactions are limited to a region defined by R .

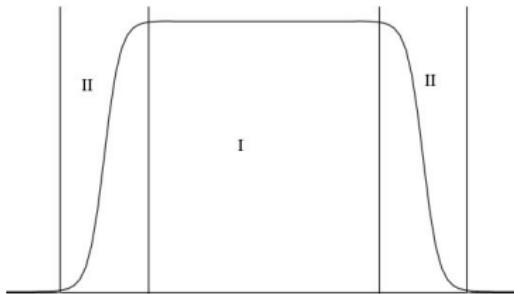


Figure: I: core region; II: border; I + II: interaction region

$$\begin{aligned} H(x, p, X, Y) = & \sum_r \frac{p_r^2}{2} + \sum_j H_{0j}(X_j, Y_j) + \varepsilon' \sum_{r,r'} U(x_r, x'_r) R(x_r) R(x'_r) \\ & + \varepsilon \sum_{r,j} k_j^{-1} \beta_j (Y_j \sin k_j x_r - X_j \cos k_j x_r) R(x_r) \end{aligned}$$

Main result

- Distance between solutions is limited by

$$\|(\mu_t, a(t)) - (\mu'_t, a'(t))\| \leq e^{\xi t} \|(\mu_0, a(0)) - (\mu'_0, a'(0))\|$$

- Thus,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (\sigma_{0N}^R, a_N(0)) & \xrightarrow{\text{Dyn. eqs}} & (\sigma_{tN}^R, a_N(t)) \\ N \rightarrow \infty \downarrow & & \downarrow N \rightarrow \infty \\ (f(x, v, 0) dx dv, a(0)) = (\sigma_0, a(0)) & \xrightarrow{\text{Kin. Eq.}} & (\sigma_t, a(t)) = (f(x, v, t) dx dv, a(t)) \end{array}$$

Merci de votre attention!