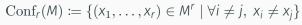
## **CONFIGURATION SPACES AND OPERADS**

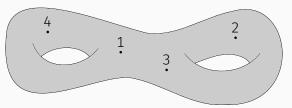
Najib Idrissi (in part j/w Campos, Ducoulombier, Lambrechts, Willwacher) January 2019 @ Higher Structures, CIRM



## **CONFIGURATION SPACES**

M: n-manifold





- Braid groups
- · Loop spaces

(name dropping)

- Moduli spaces of curves
- · Particles in movement [physics]
- · Motion planning [robotics]

#### **OPEN QUESTION**

# Question

Does the homotopy type of M determine the homotopy type of  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(M)$ ? How to compute homotopy invariants of  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(M)$ ?

# Non-compact manifolds

False:  $Conf_2(\mathbb{R}) \not\sim Conf_2(\{0\})$  even though  $\mathbb{R} \sim \{0\}$ .

## Closed manifolds

Longoni–Salvatore (2005): counter-example (lens spaces)... but not simply connected.

# Simply connected closed manifolds

Homotopy invariance is still open.

We can also localize:  $M \simeq_{\mathbb{Q}} N \implies \operatorname{Conf}_r(M) \simeq_{\mathbb{Q}} \operatorname{Conf}_r(N)$ ?

#### CONFIGURATIONS IN A EUCLIDEAN SPACES

Presentation of  $H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n))$  [Arnold, Cohen]

- Generators:  $\omega_{ij}$  of degree n-1 (for  $1 \le i \ne j \le r$ )
- · Relations:

$$\omega_{ij}^2 = \omega_{ji} - (-1)^n \omega_{ij} = \omega_{ij} \omega_{jk} + \omega_{jk} \omega_{ki} + \omega_{ki} \omega_{ij} = 0$$

# Theorem (Arnold 1969)

Formality:  $H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{C})) \sim_{\mathbb{C}} \Omega^*_{\mathrm{dR}}(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{C}))$ ,  $\omega_{ij} \mapsto \operatorname{d} \log(z_i - z_j)$ .

# Theorem (Kontsevich 1999, Lambrechts-Volić 2014)

$$H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)) \sim_{\mathbb{R}} \Omega^*_{\mathrm{dR}}(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n))$$
 for all  $r \geq 0$  and  $n \geq 2$ .

## Corollary

The cohomology of  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$  determines its rational homotopy type.

### KONTSEVICH'S GRAPH COMPLEXES

Arnold relations: 
$$R_{123} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ & + & + \\ & 2 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ & \omega_{12}\omega_{23} & \omega_{23}\omega_{31} & \omega_{31}\omega_{12} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\implies H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)) = \mathbb{R}\langle \operatorname{graphs} \operatorname{with} r \operatorname{vertices} \rangle / (R_{ijk})$$

→ add "internal" vertices and a differential which contracts edges incident to these new vertices:

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# Theorem (Kontsevich 1999, Lambrechts–Volić 2014 – Part 1)

We get a quasi-free CDGA  $\mathbf{Graphs}_n(r)$  and a quasi-isomorphism  $\mathbf{Graphs}_n(r) \xrightarrow{\sim} H^*(\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)).$ 

## KONTSEVICH'S INTEGRALS

The relations  $R_{ijk}$  are only satisfied up to homotopy in  $\Omega^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n))$ . How to find representatives to get  $\operatorname{Graphs}_n(r) \xrightarrow{\sim} \Omega^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n))$ ?

Let  $\varphi \in \Omega^{n-1}(\operatorname{Conf}_2(\mathbb{R}^n))$  be the volume form.

For  $\Gamma \in \mathbf{Graphs}_n(r)$  with i internal vertices:

$$\omega(\Gamma) := \int_{\operatorname{Conf}_{r+i}(\mathbb{R}^n) \to \operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)} \bigwedge_{(ij) \in \mathcal{E}_{\Gamma}} \varphi_{ij}.$$

# Theorem (Kontsevich 1999, Lambrechts–Volić 2014 – Part 2)

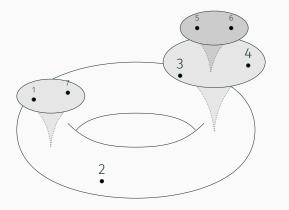
We get a quasi-isomorphism  $\omega : \mathbf{Graphs}_n(r) \xrightarrow{\sim} \Omega(\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)).$ 

 $\triangle$  I'm cheating! We have to compactify  $\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$  to make sure  $\int$  converges and to apply the Stokes formula correctly.

#### COMPACTIFICATION

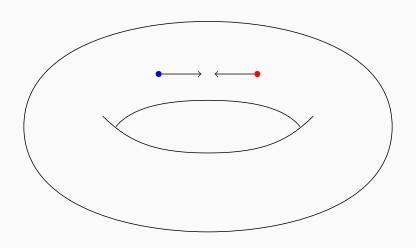
Problem:  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$  is not compact.

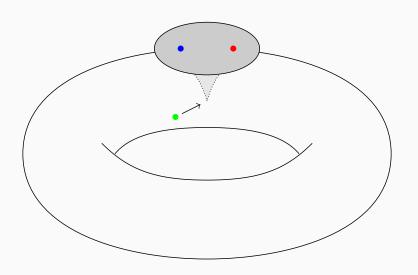
Fulton–MacPherson compactification  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(M) \overset{\sim}{\hookrightarrow} \operatorname{\mathsf{FM}}_M(r)$ 

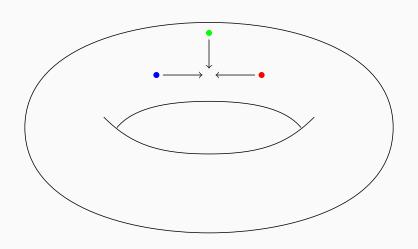


 ${\it M}$  closed manifold  $\implies$  semi-algebraic stratified manifold  $\dim=nr$ 

## **ANIMATION #1**



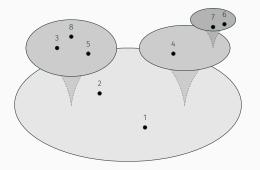




# **COMPACTIFICATION OF** $\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$

We have to "normalize"  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$  to mitigate the non-compacity of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ :

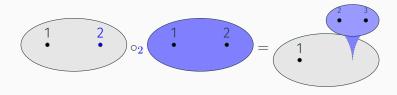
$$\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)/(\mathbb{R}^n \rtimes \mathbb{R}_{>0}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathsf{FM}_n(r)$$



 $\implies$  semi-algebraic stratified manifold  $\dim = nr - n - 1$ 

#### **OPERAD**

We see a new structure on  $FM_n$ : an operad! We can "insert" an infinitesimal configuration in another one:



$$\mathsf{FM}_n(k) \times \mathsf{FM}_n(l) \xrightarrow{\circ_i} \mathsf{FM}_n(k+l-1), \quad 1 \leq i \leq k$$

#### Remark

Weakly equivalent to the "little disks operad".

#### COMPLETE THEOREM

Functoriality  $\Longrightarrow H^*(\mathsf{FM}_n) = H^*(\mathsf{Conf}_{\bullet}(\mathbb{R}^n))$  and  $\Omega^*(\mathsf{FM}_n)$  are Hopf cooperads;  $\mathsf{Graphs}_n$  is one too, and:

## Theorem (Kontsevich 1999, Lambrechts-Volić 2014)

The operad  $FM_n$  is formal over  $\mathbb{R}$ :

$$\Omega^*(\mathsf{FM}_n) \xleftarrow{\sim}_{\omega} \mathsf{Graphs}_n \xrightarrow{\sim} H^*(\mathsf{FM}_n).$$

Formality has important applications, e.g. Deligne conjecture, deformation quantization of Poisson manifolds, etc.

(Note:  $H_*(FM_n)$  governs Poisson n-algebras for  $n \geq 2$ .)

#### THE LAMBRECHTS-STANLEY MODEL

M: oriented closed manifold

 $A \sim \Omega(M)$ : Poincaré duality model of M

$$\mathsf{G}_{\mathsf{A}}(r)$$
: (conjectural) model of  $\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathsf{M}) = \mathsf{M}^{\times r} \setminus \bigcup_{i \neq j} \Delta_{ij}$   
• "Generators":  $\mathsf{A}^{\otimes r}$  and the  $\omega_{ii}$  from  $\mathrm{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)$   $\Longrightarrow = \{x_i = x_j\}$ 

- Arnold relations + symmetry
- $d\omega_{ij}$  kills the dual of  $[\Delta_{ij}]$ .

## Examples:

- $G_A(0) = \mathbb{R}$  is a model of  $Conf_0(M) = \{\varnothing\}$   $\checkmark$
- $G_A(1) = A$  is a model of  $Conf_1(M) = M$   $\checkmark$
- $\mathsf{G}_\mathsf{A}(2) \sim \mathsf{A}^{\otimes 2}/(\Delta_\mathsf{A})$  should be a model of  $\mathrm{Conf}_2(\mathsf{M}) = \mathsf{M}^2 \setminus \Delta$ ?
- $r \ge 3$ : more complicated.

## Brief History of $G_A$

- **1969** [Arnold, Cohen]  $H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_r(\mathbb{R}^n)) = G_{H^*(\mathbb{R}^n)}(r)$
- **1978** [Cohen–Taylor] spectral sequence  $E^2 = G_{H^*(M)}(k) \Rightarrow H^*(\operatorname{Conf}_k(M))$
- **1994** For smooth projective complex manifolds ( $\Longrightarrow$  Kähler):
  - [Kříž]  $G_{H^*(M)}(r)$  is a model of  $Conf_r(M)$ ;
  - [Totaro] the Cohen–Taylor SS collapses.
- **2004** [Lambrechts–Stanley] model for r=2 if  $\pi_{\leq 2}(M)=0$
- **2004** [Félix–Thomas, Berceanu–Markl–Papadima] relation with Bendersky–Gitler spectral sequence
- **2008** [Lambrechts–Stanley]  $H^i(G_A(r)) \cong_{\Sigma_r\text{-Vect}} H^i(\operatorname{Conf}_r(M))$
- **2015** [Cordova Bulens] model for r = 2 if dim M = 2m

#### FIRST PART OF THE THEOREM

By generalizing the proof of Kontsevich & Lambrechts–Volić:

## Theorem (I.)

Let M be a closed simply connected smooth manifold and A be any Poincaré duality model of M. Then  $G_A(r)$  is a real model of  $\mathrm{Conf}_r(M)$ .

# Corollary (cf. Campos-Willwacher)

 $M \sim_{\mathbb{R}} N \implies \operatorname{Conf}_r(M) \sim_{\mathbb{R}} \operatorname{Conf}_r(N)$  for all r.

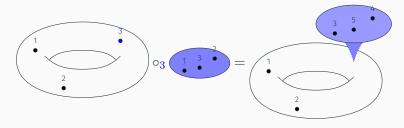
We can "compute everything" over  $\mathbb{R}$  for  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(M)$ .

#### Remark

 $\dim M \leq 3$ : only spheres (Poincaré conjecture) and we know that  $G_A$  is a model anyway, but adapting the proof is problematic!

#### MODULES OVER OPERADS

M parallelized  $\implies$   $FM_M = \{FM_M(r)\}_{r \ge 0}$  is a right  $FM_n$ -module:



We can rewrite:

$$G_A(r) = (A^{\otimes r} \otimes H^*(FM_n(r))/relations, d)$$

A bit of abstract nonsense:

# Proposition

 $\chi(M) = 0 \implies G_A = \{G_A(r)\}_{r \ge 0}$  is a Hopf right  $H^*(FM_n)$ -comodule.

#### **COMPLETE VERSION OF THE THEOREM**

# Theorem (I. 2018)

M: closed simply connected smooth manifold,  $\dim M \geq 4$ 

† if 
$$\chi(M) = 0$$

<sup>‡</sup> if M is parallelized.

$$A \stackrel{\sim}{\longleftarrow} R \stackrel{\sim}{\longrightarrow} \Omega^*_{\mathrm{PA}}(M)$$

#### Conclusion

Not only do we have a model of each  $\operatorname{Conf}_r(M)$ , but also of their richer structure if we look at them all at once.

#### **APPLICATION 1: EMBEDDING SPACES**

Space of embeddings:  $\text{Emb}(M, N) = \{f : M \hookrightarrow N\}.$ 

Goodwillie–Weiss manifold calculus [Arone, Boavida, Turchin, Weiss...]: for parallelized manifolds of codimension  $\geq 3$ ,

$$\operatorname{Emb}(M,N) \simeq \operatorname{Mor}^h_{\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(\mathbb{R}^n)}(\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(M),\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(N)).$$

LS model is small and explicit  $\implies$  hope: computations are tractable

## Remark

Requires to compare  $\operatorname{Mor}^h_{\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(\mathbb{R}^n)}(\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(M),\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(N))^{\mathbb{R}}$  with  $\operatorname{Mor}^h_{\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(\mathbb{R}^n)^{\mathbb{R}}}(\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(M)^{\mathbb{R}},\operatorname{Conf}_{\bullet}(N)^{\mathbb{R}})$ 

#### **APPLICATION 2: FACTORIZATION HOMOLOGY**

Factorization homology = homology where  $\otimes$  replaces  $\oplus$  + homotopy commutative coefficients.

For an  $E_n$ -algebra  $\mathscr{A}$ ,

$$\int_{M} \mathscr{A} = \operatorname{hocolim}_{(D^{n})^{\sqcup r} \hookrightarrow M} \mathscr{A}^{\otimes r}.$$

Alternate description:  $\int_M \mathscr{A} \sim \mathrm{Conf}_{\bullet}(M) \otimes^h_{\mathrm{Conf}_{\bullet}(\mathbb{R}^n)} \mathscr{A}$  [Francis].

Theorem (I. 2018, cf. Markarian '17, Döppenschmidt–Willwacher '18)

M closed simply connected smooth manifold ( $\dim \geq 4$ ),

$$\mathcal{A} \coloneqq \mathcal{O}_{\mathrm{poly}}(T^*\mathbb{R}^d[1-n]) \implies \int_{M} \mathcal{A} \sim_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbb{R}.$$

#### GENERALIZATION 1: MANIFOLDS WITH BOUNDARY

# Theorem (Campos-I.-Lambrechts-Willwacher 2018)

For manifolds with boundary: homotopy invariance of  $\mathrm{Conf}_r(-)$ , generalization of the Lambrechts–Stanley model (and more); under good conditions, including  $\dim M \geq \ldots$ 

#### Remark

Poincaré duality models → Poincaré-Lefschetz duality models.

Allows to compute  $Conf_r$  by "induction":



#### **GENERALIZATION 2: ORIENTED MANIFOLDS**

M: oriented manifold → framed configuration space

$$\operatorname{Conf}_r^{\operatorname{fr}}(M) := \{(x \in \operatorname{Conf}_r(M), B_1, \dots, B_r) \mid B_i : \text{ orth. basis of } T_{x_i}M\}.$$

Natural action of the framed little disks operad on  $\{Conf_{\bullet}^{fr}(M)\}$ .

# Theorem (Campos–Ducoulombier–I.–Willwacher 2018)

Real model of this module based on graph complexes.

First step towards embedding spaces of non-parallelized manifolds. (Not enough: need partially framed configurations for the larger manifold *N*.)

#### WIP: COMPLEMENTS OF SUBMANIFOLDS

Goal:  $Conf(N \setminus M)$  where  $\dim N - \dim M \ge 2$ .

Motivation: work of Ayala, Francis, Rozenblyum, Tanaka

Knot complement → colored Jones polynomial.

There exists an operad  $VSC_{mn}$  which models the local situation  $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus \mathbb{R}^m$ :



## Theorem (I. 2018)

The operad  $VSC_{mn}$  is formal over  $\mathbb{R}$  for  $n-m \geq 2$ .

THESE SLIDES: https://idrissi.eu

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!