On Generalizations of the Parking Permit Problem and Network Leasing Problems

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Introduction

Parking Permit Problem

Johnny goes to work every day

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He lives close to his job

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► K different permit lengths: e.g., daily, weekly, monthly

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How can Johnny save money for a trip to Marseille?

Parking Permit Problem (2)



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Solvable via dynamic programming (Meyerson, 2005)

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Solvable via dynamic programming (Meyerson, 2005)

Not very realistic

- Johnny does not know the future!
- weather forecast \rightarrow unreliable for long-term

| length | cost |
|--------|------|
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 |



| length | cost |
|--------|------|
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 |



| length | cost |
|--------|------|
| 1 | 2 |
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|--------|------|
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Online Parking Permit Problem





cost: 10

Online Parking Permit Problem

| length | cost |
|--------|------|
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 |



cost: 10



optimum costs 6

Online Parking Permit Problem (2)

(Meyerson, 2005)

- deterministic O(K)-competitive algorithm
- deterministic $\Omega(K)$ lower bound

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Seminal problem for leasing optimization

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cloud service allocation

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Seminal problem for leasing optimization

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Imply results for Steiner Leasing Problem (Meyerson, 2005)

 approximation by tree metrics (Bartal, 1996; Fakcharoenphol *et al.*, 2004)

Interval Model
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Permit lengths divide each other



Interval Model

Permit lengths divide each other



Permits start on multiples of their lenghts



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Permits start on multiples of their lenghts



 α -competitive under IM \rightarrow 4 α -competitive in general

Multi Parking Permit Problem

Communists Labor union obliges Johnny's company to pay employees' permits

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Hanoi Tower Property



opt on each level \rightarrow opt for the whole input

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Permits are stacked as in Hanoi tower

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Induces a simple reduction algorithm (pseudo-polynomial!)

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Permits are stacked as in Hanoi tower

Induces a simple reduction algorithm (pseudo-polynomial!) Relies on Interval Model

Hanoi Tower Property (2)

No Interval Model \rightarrow no Hanoi Tower Property!

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Under Interval Model we have:

poly-time exact algorithm (4-approx. in general)

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Under Interval Model we have:

- poly-time exact algorithm (4-approx. in general)
- poly-time approximation-preserving reduction















 α -competitive Parking Permit $\rightarrow 2\alpha$ -comp. Multi Parking Permit

 $\alpha\text{-competitive Parking Permit} \to 2\alpha\text{-comp.}$ Multi Parking Permit

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> 2-approximation under Interval Model (8-approx. in general)

 $\alpha\text{-competitive Parking Permit} \to 2\alpha\text{-comp.}$ Multi Parking Permit

- 2-approximation under Interval Model (8-approx. in general)
- ▶ O(K)-competitive deterministic online algorithm
- ▶ O(lg K)-competitive randomized online algorithm
Poly-time exact algorithm

We represent multiset of permits ightarrow set of tuples: (t, ℓ, k, q)

• $t \rightarrow$ starting time

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Optimal substructure

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How do we find ℓ ?

Poly-time exact algorithm (3)



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Poly-time exact algorithm (3)



We can use binary search!

Poly-time exact algorithm (3)



We can use binary search!

 $\ell :$ highest level s.t. optimum using types $1, \ldots, k-1$ is worse than permit of type k

Poly-time exact algorithm (4)

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- $O(\lg K \lg |V|)$ -competitive online algorithm

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- 2D Parking Permit Problem
 - ▶ Hu et al., 2015: pseudo-polynomial algorithms
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Multi Parking Permit \rightarrow Steiner Network Leasing Problem

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2D Parking Permit \rightarrow Leasing Buy-at-Bulk Network Design Problem

- O(lg n)-approximation
- ► O(lg K lg |V|)-competitive online algorithm

Thank you!